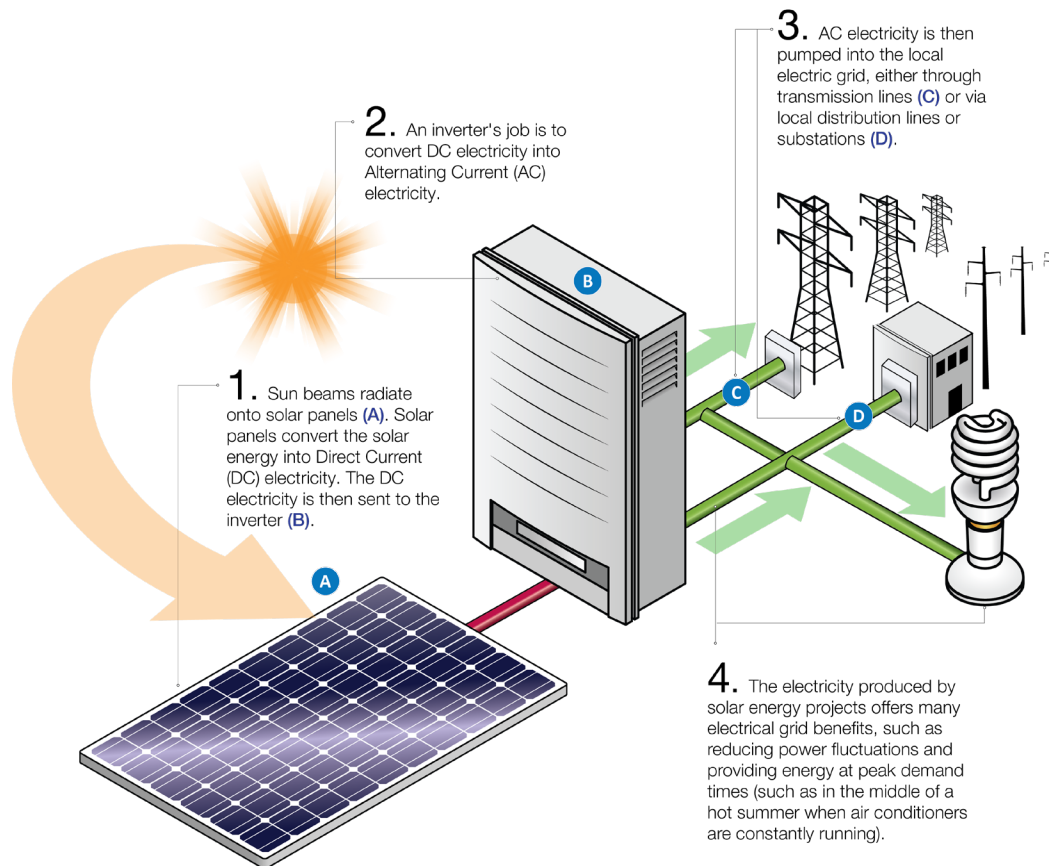




HARVESTING SOLAR ENERGY

The below image outlines the process of converting solar energy and connecting it to the transmission grid. This is the general process by which Yellowbud converts the sun's rays into electricity.



THE TRUTH ABOUT TOPSOIL

As a farmer-founded company, we know the importance of preserving topsoil. We are committed to the industry's best practices and to helping to preserve tomorrow's farms today. The first step we take before commencing major construction is to identify and distinguish topsoil depth across the project footprint. If a visible topsoil layer is present in areas of grading or excavation, the topsoil layer is temporarily removed and stored onsite. Following earth moving activities, we move that same topsoil back into place and de-compact the soils prior to seeding. These best practices play a vital role in growing healthy native vegetation within the project boundary.

YELLOWBUD SETBACKS AND SCREENING MEASURES

Yellowbud committed during the site permit process to implement setbacks of 300-feet (the distance of a football field) for above ground equipment from all non-participating residences. Additionally, Yellowbud has committed to utilizing agricultural style fencing with wood fence posts to better align with the surrounding agricultural landscape. In addition to the setbacks committed, Yellowbud has also developed a robust landscape mitigation plan that includes 3 levels of screening depending on the setting based on proximity to residences or other sensitive resources.

YELLOWBUD CONSTRUCTION PROCESS

The primary steps for facility construction generally include the following: (1) installation of storm-water measures, erosion control, and vegetation protection measures, (2) securing the perimeter of the construction area, (3) vegetation clearing, (4) topsoil segregation, earthwork, and grading as necessary, (5) construction of access roads, (6) installation of equipment such as pilings, racking, panels, inverters, weather stations, the substation, and fencing to secure the site, (7) decompaction, seeding, and final site stabilization and restoration.